Oral Hygiene Instructions





Common Oral Diseases

Gingivitis

公

Periodontal Disease

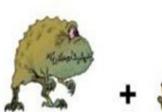




Reversible Irreversible



Process of Caries



Bacteria / Germs

公



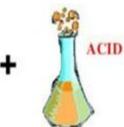
Food, Drink, Sugars, Sweets

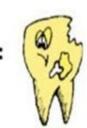


ACID Produced















The Stages of Caries Development



1. Enamal caries

2. Dentin caries

These stages are not painful

3. Pulpitis

This stages painful

4. Periodontitis

This stages very painful



How To Brush Your Teeth

Start with brushing your back teeth Angulate brush towards the gums Small strokes against the gum line

Continue brushing your front teeth
Tilt the brush & use up-and-down
strokes

Brush cheek, tongue & chewing side of ALL your teeth

Brush gently along the gum line













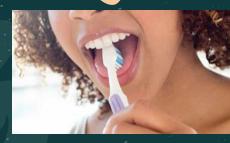
It's Important To Brush Your Tonque :



Brush your tongue in a back-to-front sweeping motion

Helps to remove odor-causing bacteria Makes your breath fresh

Use either toothbrush or tongue scraper









Flossing is important!



and food particles in between your teeth it can lead to gum disease



THE BEST AND WORST FOODS FOR YOUR DENTAL HEALTH

March is National Nutrition Month



☆

Strawberries Strawberries contain malic acid, a natural enamel whitener.

chew them.

Leafy greens essentially "scrub" your teeth as you



Coffee
In addition to being acidic,
coffee can stain teeth even
more severely than tobacco.

Acids in both red and white

wine contain erosive acid,

allowing stains to deeply





Cheese
Cheese is a
delicious source of
enamel-strengthening
calcium.

Spinach & Leafy Greens



Water
Drinking plenty of water helps flush sugar and acid off of your teeth. It also contains fluoride, which protects teeth against erosion.



penetrate teeth.





Apples & Pears
Crunchy apples can
scrub away plaque and
freshen breath, while
raw pears neutralize
acids in your mouth.







Celery Loaded with fibrous strands, celery is "nature's floss," stimulating saliva production.



Sugar Free Gum Chewing gum, particularly gum sweetened with xylitol, stimulates saliva production, which washes away acids produced by bacteria in your mouth.





